Name:	Class:
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GCSE RE Homework booklet Thematic Studies Theme D- Religion, Peace and Conflict

Introduction to religion peace and conflict

War	
	An absence of conflict, which leads to happiness and harmony.
	Bringing about what is right and fair, according to the law or making up for a wrong that has been committed
Forgiveness	
Reconciliation	
Look at th	ne image of the cross from Taize, which represents Christians

Look at the image of the cross from Taize, which represents Christians reconciliation. How would you represent Christian reconciliation? Create a design or symbol that you think achieves this.



Write one piece of scripture that links to Peace and another for Reconciliation

Peace:		
Reconciliation:		

Violent protest

Riots 2011

While the right to protest peacefully is protected in the UK, there is no right to protest violently. An unplanned protest that descends into violence is called a riot. In 2011, there was rioting in London and other towns and cities in the UK, sparked by a police shooting dead a local man in Tottenham. A peaceful march in response to the shooting took place, but was followed by rioting, looting and criminal damage as other people took advantage of the situation across the country. After everything cooled down, it was the work of local authorities, police, community leaders and faith groups, including local churches, to seek to repair the divisions between people caught up in the riots.

Research an example of a violent protest that has been justified helped a cause. Summarise what happened and why.	and
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Terrorism

'Then they cam up and laid hands on Jesus and seized him. And behold, one of those who were with Jesus stretched out his hand and drew his sword and struck the slave of the high priest and cut of his ear. Then Jesus said to him "Put your sword back into its place, for all who take the sword will perish by the sword

Matthew 26:50-52 (NIV)

Explain what the quote teaches about terrorism:

Q4) Explain two contrasting views about terrorism (5 marks). You must refer to the main religious tradition of Great Britain

Reasons for war

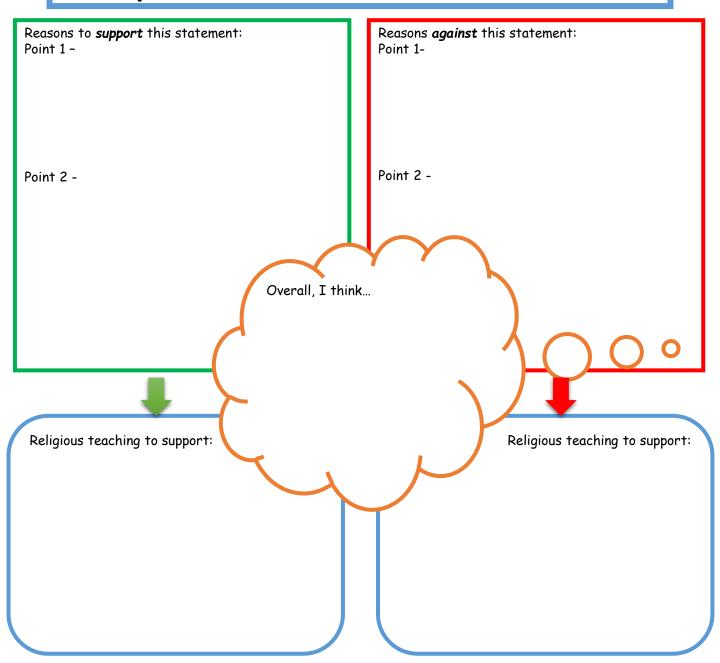
Exam Question

'There is never a good reason for a country to go to war'

Evaluate this statement. In your answer you should:

- · refer to Christian teaching
- · give developed arguments to support this statement
- · give developed arguments to support a different point of view
- · reach a justified conclusion.

Fill in the sheet which break downs the 12 mark question.



Nuclear war and weapons of mass destruction

Research the droppi WWII. Do you thin	_			•	n at the end of
			types of wan image or		oons of mass mbol
Nuclear Weapons		Chemical Weapons			Biological Weapons
Create a table on one side why people AGREE with WMD on the other side why people DISAGREE					
AGRE	Ē		D	ISA	GREE

The Just War Theory

Using you knowledge. Complete the paragraph on the Just War Theory.

The idea of a war was developed by St It says that war is if it meets the following criteria: 1. It is approved by a legitimate (such as the or the United) 2. There must be good reasons for the war such as 3. It must be fought with the aim of establishing 4. The must be a chance of 5. It must be the resort (so you must try to first)
6. The amount of force needed to win must be used
7 must not be harmed.
minimum negotiate, , peace, Thomas Aquinas, authority, self-defence Research a war and find out the following: Name and date:
Why was the war fought?
Which criteria from the just war theory does it meet?
Why does it not meet the other criteria?

Holy War

"Christians are justified in fighting a war if it is to defend their faith"(12)

Pacifism and peace making

Research Mairead Corrigan and the peace people. Write a paragraph about their rachievements	main
Research Desmond Doss (the story from Hacksaw Ridge) Write a paragraph explain what he did, why and how effective he was.	ining
	

Christian response to victims of war

The Parable of the Good Samaritan

²⁵ On one occasion an expert in the law stood up to test Jesus. "Teacher," he asked, "what must I do to inherit eternal life?"26 "What is written in the Law?" he replied. "How do you read it?" 27 He answered, "'Love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your strength and with all your mind'[a]; and, 'Love your neighbor as yourself.'[b]"28 "You have answered correctly," Jesus replied. "Do this and you will live."29 But he wanted to justify himself, so he asked Jesus, "And who is my neighbor?"30 In reply Jesus said: "A man was going down from Jerusalem to Jericho, when he was attacked by robbers. They stripped him of his clothes, beat him and went away, leaving him half dead. 31 A priest happened to be going down the same road, and when he saw the man, he passed by on the other side. ³² So too, a Levite, when he came to the place and saw him, passed by on the other side. 33 But a Samaritan, as he traveled, came where the man was; and when he saw him, he took pity on him. 34 He went to him and bandaged his wounds, pouring on oil and wine. Then he put the man on his own donkey, brought him to an inn and took care of him. 35 The next day he took out two denarii and gave them to the innkeeper. 'Look after him,' he said, 'and when I return. I will reimburse you for any extra expense you may have.'36 "Which of these three do you think was a neighbor to the man who fell into the hands of robbers?"37 The expert in the law replied, "The one who had mercy on him." Jesus told him, "Go and do likewise."

1) 2) 3)	Highlight all the key quotes and information provided in this text. Annotate the scripture for meaning Explain two ways this parable might inspire a Christian to help victims of war